

Understanding developmental stages can help you support your child's learning at home and in school.

All children go through developmental stages as they grow up • Just as children's height, weight, and physical abilities change, so do things such as their desire to play alone or with a group, how they learn best, or how talkative they are.

These stages of development are fairly predictable in children within any given culture* • With each stage come certain predictable changes in how children relate to others and approach the world.

Children go through these stages at different rates • Although there are general characteristics at each developmental stage in any given culture, how quickly a child goes through these stages depends on many things, including the child's personality and environment. It's common and normal for some children to arrive at a developmental stage a bit later or earlier—sometimes a year later or earlier—than their peers. Also, a child might mature quickly in one area, such as physical development, but more slowly in another, such as social development.

Children don't change suddenly on their birthday • For example, a child who just turned seven may still show a lot of six-year-old behaviors, and a child who's seven-and-a-half may already be showing a lot of eight-year-old behaviors.

ENJOY YOUR CHILD
AT EACH AGE.

Each age is unique. Each is a wonder.

*The characteristics in this pamphlet are based on research on children in European and U.S. schools. Children growing up in other cultures may show different developmental patterns.

Additional resources about child development and children's success in school

BOOKS

Comer, James P., and Alvin F. Poussaint. 1992. *Raising Black Children*. New York: Plume Books.

Faber, Adele, and Elaine Mazlish. 1995. *How to Talk So Kids Can Learn*. New York: Simon and Schuster.

Konner, Melvin. 1991. *Childhood: A Multicultural View*. Boston: Little, Brown & Co.

Nelsen, Jane. 1996. *Positive Discipline*. New York: Random House.

Rogoff, Barbara. 2003. *The Cultural Nature of Human Development*. Reprint Edition. New York: Oxford University Press.

Wood, Chip. 1997. *Yardsticks: Children in the Classroom Ages 4–14*. Turners Falls, Mass.: Northeast Foundation for Children.

WEBSITES

The Collaborative for Academic, Social, and Emotional Learning
www.casel.org

Includes a section on how parents can support their children's social and emotional learning at home

National PTA®
www.pta.org

Tips and articles on topics related to parenting and school-home collaboration

School Success Info.org
www.schoolsuccessinfo.org

Tips on how to support children's school learning at home



Second GRADE

Common developmental characteristics of 6, 7, and 8 year-olds

ADAPTED FROM
YARDSTICKS

Children in the Classroom Ages 4–14

by Chip Wood ■ Published by Northeast Foundation for Children, Inc.

TRIFOLD PAMPHLET
WEB SAMPLE
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ACTUAL SIZE 17"

For more detail about the common characteristics of children at each age and implications for classroom curriculum, see *Yardsticks: Children in the Classroom Ages 4–14*, published by Northeast Foundation for Children.

Child Development Pamphlets are available for grades K through 8. To order pamphlets, *Yardsticks*, or other resources, call **800-360-6332, ext. 125** or visit www.responsiveclassroom.org.

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COMMON CHARACTERISTICS OF Six-Year-Olds

The bodies, minds, and social behavior of six-year-olds are changing dramatically. Sixes have lots of energy. Eagerness, curiosity, imagination, drive, openness, and enthusiasm—all are at their peak in the typical six-year-old.

- S O C I A L**
- Competitive; not always good sports; sometimes bossy or critical
 - Either rush to be first or dawdle to be last
 - Want to have friends; may have best friends
 - Enjoy dressing up, putting on plays, etc., with other children
 - Talkative and noisy
 - Easily upset when criticized or discouraged
 - Love encouragement, surprises, and treats
 - Might test authority with tantrums, complaining, or tattling

P H Y S I C A L

- Eyes are maturing, so reading is easier, but blackboard copying is still hard
- Often chew pencils, hair, or fingernails (may be due to the discomfort of new teeth growing in)
- Bodies growing rapidly
- Like lots of physical activity
- Tire easily and get sick often

- C O G N I T I V E**
- Beginning to understand past and present, and how and why things happen
 - More able to see other viewpoints and understand reasons for rules
 - Love new ideas and asking questions
 - Learn well through games, poems, riddles, and songs
 - Very ambitious, often choosing projects that are too hard
 - Learn well from field trips and hands-on projects
 - Like doing lots of work; not that concerned with the quality of the work

COMMON CHARACTERISTICS OF Seven-Year-Olds

In contrast to brash, noisy sixes, seven-year-olds are generally quiet, sensitive, and serious. Their intense moods often change quickly. Sevens tend to work hard at everything they do and need private time to manage their new thoughts and feelings.

- S O C I A L**
- May be moody, shy, sulky, touchy; sometimes depressed
 - Prefer playing and working alone or with one friend
 - May change friendships quickly and feel “nobody likes me”
 - Rely on adults for help and reassurance
 - Need the security of rules, routines, and physical boundaries

P H Y S I C A L

- Often keep their eyes focused on a small, close area
- Copying from board is very hard
- With head on arm or desk, grasp pencil point tightly and write very small
- Can do quiet work for longer periods
- Can get sick from worrying about tests, assignments, etc.

- C O G N I T I V E**
- Better at understanding ideas such as time, space, and quantity
 - Learn new words and meanings quickly; enjoy writing stories
 - Open to learning math
 - Good at classifying, such as sorting buttons, pictures, leaves, and shapes
 - Listen well and speak precisely
 - Enjoy hands-on exploration of how things work
 - Bothered by mistakes and try hard to make their work perfect
 - Like to work slowly and finish what they start
 - Enjoy repeating tasks and reviewing learning

COMMON CHARACTERISTICS OF Eight-Year-Olds

Enthusiastic and imaginative, eights often love big challenges but lack the work skills and patience to complete their plans. Children this age need adult help to know their limits and work through the steps to their goal.

- S O C I A L**
- Love group activities and cooperative work
 - Prefer playing with peers of the same gender
 - Like to talk and explain ideas
 - Good sense of humor
 - Adjust well to change; bounce back quickly from mistakes or disappointments

- P H Y S I C A L**
- Full of energy; play hard, work quickly, and tire easily—do better with several short play breaks than one long one
 - Eyes able to focus well on objects near and far
 - May have growth spurt
 - Limited attention span; short exercise breaks help concentration
 - Better control of eyes and hands allows cursive writing and copying from board

C O G N I T I V E

- Industrious, impatient, and full of ideas; often take on more than they can handle
- Listen well but may not always remember what they've heard
- Getting good at handwriting, handcrafts, computers, and drawing
- Excited but also nervous about exploring the broader world
- May give up when things are hard but soon want to try again
- Interested in rules, logic, and fairness